Digital Markets Act Article 5(1)a

Dear colleagues,

1. We signatories have interests in upholding competition, the rights to data protection and privacy, and consumer protection. We believe flaws in the 13 April text of Article 5(1)a of the Digital Markets Act may be exploited by Gatekeepers to undermine them.

2. We are concerned about three problems in the 13 April text of Article 5(1)a:

   a. The omission of the reference to “specific processing purposes” may be used by Gatekeepers to suggest they can combine data with a single opt-in: While the requirements of the GDPR remain unaffected, this omission creates a fatal ambiguity about whether a Gatekeeper can combine any and all data across their business once a person is prevailed upon to click a single and all-encompassing “OK” button. The GDPR requires firms to have a legal basis for each “processing purpose” for which they cross-use personal data across their businesses. If the DMA Article 5(1)a text is not corrected to dispel this ambiguity, Gatekeepers will wrongly rely on this to undermine both EU data protection law and to neutralise the co-legislators’ intended impact of Article 5(1)a.

   b. The removal of the reference to “processing purposes” in Article 5(1)a deprives the Commission of the power to monitor Gatekeepers’ data combination across processing purposes under DMA Article 10 and Article 11.

   c. The addition of the words “processing for the purpose of providing advertising services” will enable Gatekeepers to wrongly claim that a single opt-in suffices to legitimise the hundreds of data processing purposes related to their online advertising businesses.

3. We fear that fundamental rights to data protection and privacy will be undermined, and that Gatekeepers’ market power and ability to suppress publishers and nascent competitors will be entrenched.

4. We urge you to fix these errors by returning to the Article 5(1)a text of 2 March. Further, Gatekeepers should remain obliged to provide an equivalent service without quality degradation if no consent is given, per Recitals 36 and 36a of the 13 April text.

Signed

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• Dr Cristina Caffarra, Senior Consultant to Charles River Associates

• Professor Tommaso Valletti, Professor of Economics at Imperial College Business School

• Professor Shoshana Zuboff, author of The Age of Surveillance Capitalism
• Ursula Pachl, Deputy Director General of BEUC, the European Consumer Organisation
• Barry Lynn, Executive Director of Open Markets Institute
• Alastair Mactaggart, Chair of Californians for Consumer Privacy
• Professor Dr Monika Schnitzer, Chair for Comparative Economics, Ludwig-Maximilians-University Munich
• Roger McNamee, Co-Founder of Elevation Partners and author of Zucked: Waking Up to the Facebook Catastrophe
• Professor Lilian Edwards, Professor of Law, Innovation and Society, Newcastle University
• Professor Philip Marsden, Deputy Chair, Bank of England, Enforcement
• Professor Ian Brown, Visiting CyberBRICS Professor at Fundação Getulio, Vargas Law School
• Professor Gianclaudio Malgieri, Co-Director of the Brussels Privacy Hub; Associate Professor of Law and Technology EDHEC Business School.
• Matt Stoller, Research Director, American Economic Liberties Project
• Professor Gregory S. Crawford, Professor of Economics, University of Zurich
• Professor Jon Crowcroft, Marconi Professor of Communications Systems, University of Cambridge
• Professor Mireille Hildebrandt, Research Professor, Vrije Universiteit Brussels
• Wolfie Christl, CEO, Cracked Labs
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• Dr TJ McIntyre, Chair of Digital Rights Ireland, and Associate Professor of Law, University College Dublin
• Jim Killock, Executive Director of Open Rights Group
• Alice Stollmeyer, Executive Director of Defend Democracy
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• Dr Midas Nouwens, Assistant Professor, Aarhus University
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• Dina Hilal Srinivasan, Fellow of the Thurman Arnold Project at Yale University
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• Soheil Human, Director of the Sustainable Computing Lab, Vienna University of Economics and Business
• Professor Carissa Véliz, Associate Professor, Institute for Ethics in AI, University of Oxford
• Calli Schroeder, Global Privacy Counsel at The Electronic Privacy Information Center (EPIC)

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1 Working document WK 5540/2022 INIT of 13 April 2022 from the General Secretariat of the Council.
2 GDPR Article 5(1)b, Article 6(1)a, and Article 7. Article 6(1)a of the GDPR requires that consent be sought for specific purposes.